

Center for Early Literacy Learning

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## The power of exploring books together

What does research tell us about how parents sharing books with their young children affects the children's early language development?

Researchers at the Center for Early Literacy Learning (CELL) examined 11 characteristics of adult-child shared reading experiences, nine of which were found to have beneficial effects on young children's expressive and receptive language development. The most effective characteristic was encouraging

children's engagement and active participation in shared reading episodes.

In studying joint book reading or shared book reading, the CELL researchers analyzed findings from 21 studies of 1,275 toddlers and young children, 12 to 42 months of age. In addition to examining the

characteristics of books and book reading experiences that contribute to young children's language development, they also analyzed other factors that might influence the effects of shared book reading.

The study findings showed that early expressive language development was facilitated by joint reading strategies that engaged, supported, and promoted children's active participation in the book reading opportunities. Relating the story to the child's own experiences, providing

positive feedback to the child during book reading, expanding on the child's comments, asking the child open-ended questions, and following the child's interests while sharing books all encouraged the child's participation in the shared reading experience. The longer a child stayed engaged in the book reading

activity, and the more the adult encouraged the child's active participation by expanding on what the child said or by asking open-ended questions, the greater the positive effects the reading experiences had on the child's language development.

The research indicates that the shared book read-

ing techniques that proved most important are fairly easy to teach to parents and can be taught using either face-to-face individual and group training or individual training using videos. Another finding was that reading sessions are more effective if they last longer than five minutes and involve several books.



This *CELLnotes* summarizes findings reported in Trivette, C. M., Dunst, C. J., & Gorman, E. (2010). Effects of parent-mediated joint book reading on the early language development of toddlers and preschoolers. *CELLreviews* 3(2), 1-15.

## Acting on the Evidence

# Download free, two-page *CELLpractices* guides in versions for parents or practitioners at www.earlyliteracylearning.org

Staff of CELL have created a number of practice guides especially for parents and early childhood practitioners to encourage putting this research evidence to use in home, community, and classroom settings. All of the two-page practice guides listed below are available for free download on the CELL project web site: **www.earlyliteracylearning.org**. At this web address you can also find interactive posters called *CELLpops* and multimedia practice guides such as videos that illustrate practices supported by this research.





## Especially for PARENTS

#### Infants:

The Right Touch Baby's First Picture Book Baby's First Word Book

#### **Toddlers:**

A Book by Its Cover Looking at Books Together Letters and Books

### **Preschoolers:**

Let's Read Together Read With Me Book Is the Word

## **Especially for PRACTITIONERS**

#### Infants:

Touch-and-Feel Books First Picture Books First Word Books

#### **Toddlers:**

Reading Together Out Loud

### **Preschoolers:**

Tales for Talking One for the Books